

Table of Contents

D. Pneumatic and Fluid Modules	D-2
AC2—Air Module	D-2
1. Product Overview	D-2
2. Installation	D-3
2.1 Module Installation	D-3
2.2 Module Removal	D-4
3. Operation	D-5
4. Maintenance	D-5
5. Troubleshooting and Service Procedures	D-6
5.1 Troubleshooting Procedures	D-6
5.2 Service Procedures	D-7
5.2.1 Master Side Self-Sealing Valve	D-7
5.2.2 Replacing the Master V-ring Seals on the Vacuum Pass-Through Ports	D-9
6. Recommended Spare Parts	D-9
7. Specifications	D-10
8. Drawings	D-11

D. Pneumatic and Fluid Modules

AC2—Air Module

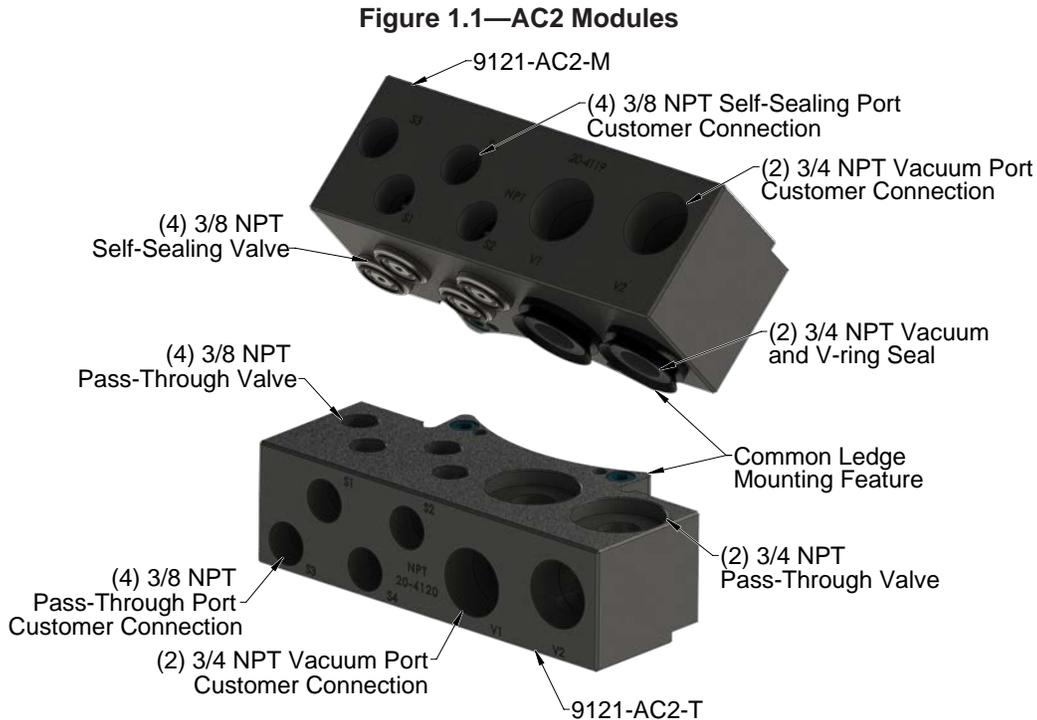
1. Product Overview

AC2 modules provide air and vacuum services when attached to the Master and Tool plates. Refer to [Figure 1.1](#) for a description of the modules. Refer to [Section 7—Specifications](#) and [Section 8—Drawings](#) for more information. Significant forces are encountered when using these modules. Assistance from the robot may be required to overcome these forces when coupling the Tool Changer.

NOTICE: Vacuum ports are for vacuum service only. Self-sealing ports are not to be used for vacuum service.

The AC2 Master module has (4) self-sealing (checked) ports and (2) vacuum ports. The AC2 Tool module has (4) pass-through and (2) vacuum ports.

The Master and Tool modules contain pass-through ports and self-sealing valves. Pass-through ports release the air or vacuum when the Tool Changer is uncoupled. Before uncoupling the Tool Changer, turn off the air pressure or vacuum supply for the pass-through ports. Unlike pass-through ports, self-sealing valves prevent the air circuits from discharging, which eliminates the need to close those circuits upstream.



2. Installation

The air modules are typically installed by ATI prior to shipment. The following steps outline the field installation or removal as required.



WARNING: Do not perform maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules unless the Tool is safely supported or placed in the tool stand, all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.) are turned off, pressurized connections are purged and power is discharged from circuits in accordance with the customer's safety practices and policies. Injury or equipment damage can occur with the Tool not placed and energized circuits on. Place the Tool in the tool stand, turn off and discharge all energized circuits, purge all pressurized connections, and verify all circuits are de-energized before performing maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules.



WARNING: All pneumatic fittings and tubing must be capable of withstanding the repetitive motions of the application without failing. The routing of electrical and pneumatic lines must minimize the possibility of over stressing, pullout, or kinking the lines. Failure to do so can cause critical electrical and/or pneumatic lines to malfunction and might result in injury to personnel or damage to equipment.



CAUTION: Air supply should be clean, dry, and non-lubricated. Supply pressure must not exceed 100 psi and should be filtered minimum 40 micron. Connection lines must be properly strain relieved.



CAUTION: Do not use fasteners with pre-applied adhesive more than once. Fasteners might become loose and cause equipment damage. Always apply new thread locker when reusing fasteners.

2.1 Module Installation

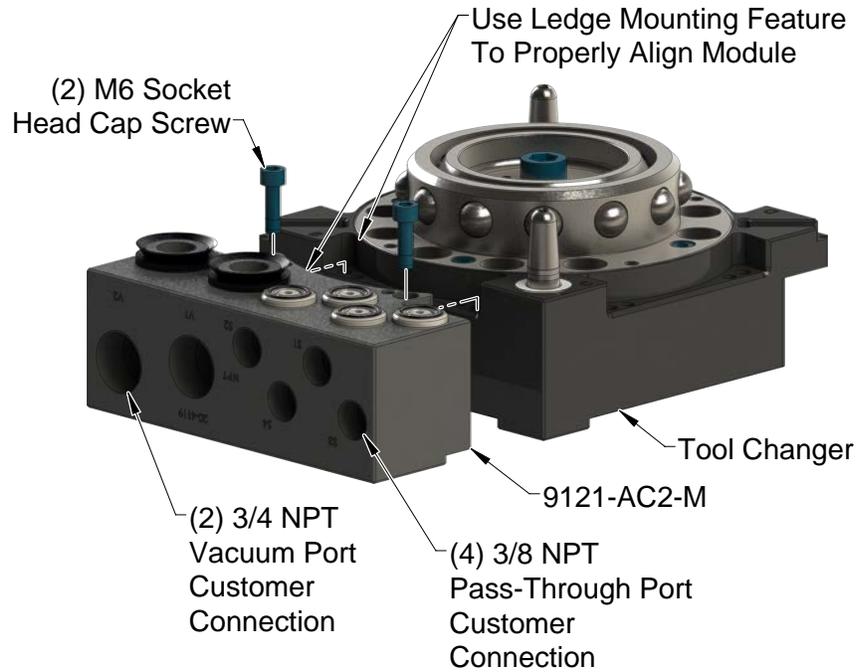
Refer to [Figure 2.1](#)

Tools required: 5 mm Allen wrench (hex key), torque wrench

Supplies required: Clean rag, Loctite® 242

1. Place the Tool in a secure location.
2. Uncouple the Master and Tool plates.
3. Turn off and de-energize all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.).
4. Clean the mounting surface on the Tool Changer or Utility Coupler.
5. Place the module into the appropriate location on the Tool Changer or Utility Coupler body. Align the module with the Tool Changer using the dowels in the bottom of the ledge feature.
6. Apply Loctite 242 to the supplied M6 socket head cap screws. Using a 5 mm Allen wrench, install the (2) M6 socket head cap screws securing the module to the Tool Changer or Utility Coupler and tighten to 89 in-lbs (10.0 Nm).
7. Connect air plumbing to the module. Ensure that the connectors are clean.
8. After the procedure is complete, resume normal operation.

Figure 2.1—Module Installation



2.2 Module Removal

Tools required: 5 mm Allen wrench

Supplies required: Clean rag

1. Place the Tool in a secure location.
2. Uncouple the Master and Tool plates.
3. Turn off and de-energize all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.).

NOTICE: Debris can be expelled at high velocity during the purge, take all required safety precautions.

4. All customer plumbing connections to the module must be purged.
 - a. Verify that the supply lines are turned off.
 - b. Cover the valves with a rag for safety.
 - c. Manually actuate the self-sealing valves to purge the line pressure.
5. Use a marker pen to indicate where the module is to be re-installed.
6. Disconnect air plumbing to the module.
7. Remove the (2) M6 socket head cap screws using a 5 mm Allen wrench
8. Remove the module from the Tool Changer or Utility Coupler.

3. Operation

Air modules pass air utilities from the Master to the Tool for use by the customer’s tooling. Unlike pass-through ports, self-sealing valves prevent the air circuits from discharging, which eliminates the need to close upstream circuits. Self-sealing valves and pass-through ports operate at a maximum pressure of 100 psi (6.9 bar).

NOTICE: If the air pressure is not released from the Tool side of the pass-through port, debris can be expelled at high velocity when the Tool Changer uncouples. Take all required safety precautions.

NOTICE: Vacuum ports are for vacuum service only. Self-sealing ports are not to be used for vacuum service.

4. Maintenance

Perform maintenance to maximize the operational life of the module.

 **WARNING:** Do not perform maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules unless the Tool is safely supported or placed in the tool stand, all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.) are turned off, pressurized connections are purged and power is discharged from circuits in accordance with the customer’s safety practices and policies. Injury or equipment damage can occur with the Tool not placed and energized circuits on. Place the Tool in the tool stand, turn off and discharge all energized circuits, purge all pressurized connections, and verify all circuits are de-energized before performing maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules.

A preventive maintenance schedule and checklist are provided in the following tables:

Table 4.1—Preventive Maintenance Schedule	
Inspection Schedule	Action Required
Weekly	Clean and inspect
6 months or 500,000 cycles	Seal replacement

Table 4.2—Checklist
Weekly Maintenance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Clean mating surfaces. <input type="checkbox"/> Inspect modules for air leaks. Replace components as necessary.
6 months or 500,000 cycle Maintenance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> On modules with self-sealing ports, remove and replace self-sealing valve O-rings and seals in the both the Master and Tool module. During O-ring and seal replacement inspect components (valve stem, check valve piston, and spring) of the valve assemblies in the Master and Tool modules. Refer to Section 5.2.1—Master Side Self-Sealing Valve. <input type="checkbox"/> On the Master module, inspect the V-ring seals for damage or leaking. Remove and replace as necessary. Refer to Section 5.2.2—Replacing the Master V-ring Seals on the Vacuum Pass-Through Ports. <input type="checkbox"/> Check that module mounting bolts are secure. Refer to Section 2.1—Module Installation.

5. Troubleshooting and Service Procedures

This troubleshooting section provides information to help diagnose conditions with the Tool Changer or air module as well as service procedures for component replacement.



WARNING: Do not perform maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules unless the Tool is safely supported or placed in the tool stand, all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.) are turned off, pressurized connections are purged and power is discharged from circuits in accordance with the customer's safety practices and policies. Injury or equipment damage can occur with the Tool not placed and energized circuits on. Place the Tool in the tool stand, turn off and discharge all energized circuits, purge all pressurized connections, and verify all circuits are de-energized before performing maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules.



CAUTION: Do not use fasteners with pre-applied adhesive more than once. Fasteners might become loose and cause equipment damage. Always apply new thread locker when reusing fasteners.

5.1 Troubleshooting Procedures

Refer to the table below for troubleshooting information.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Correction
Air Leakage.	Damaged/worn seals.	Replace O-rings as needed. Refer to Section 5.2—Service Procedures .
	Debris blocking valve seal (for self-sealing valves).	Clean in and around valve components. Ensure fluid stream is free of the large particulates; filter as necessary.
	Bent valve piston (for self-sealing valves).	Replace stem. Refer to Section 5.2—Service Procedures . Check module attachment to Tool Changer. Refer to Section 2.1—Module Installation . Check robot program and ensure parallel approach trajectory during Tool Changer coupling.
	Corrosion.	Consult ATI Applications Engineering for assistance.
Vacuum Leakage.	Damaged/Worn seals.	Replace seals as needed. Refer to Section 5.2.2—Replacing the Master V-ring Seals on the Vacuum Pass-Through Ports .
Reduced Air Flow.	Flow path blockage.	Inspect valve components and supply/return lines for blockage. Clean/repair as necessary.
	Debris blocking valve seal (for self-sealing valves).	Clean in and around valve components. Ensure air stream is free of large particulates; filter as necessary.
Modules unable to Couple.	Bent valve piston and/or dowel pin (for self-sealing valves).	Replace stem. Refer to Section 5.2—Service Procedures . Check module attachment to Tool Changer. Refer to Section 2.1—Module Installation . Check robot program and ensure parallel approach trajectory during Tool Changer coupling.

5.2 Service Procedures

The following service procedures provide instructions for replacement of the components.

5.2.1 Master Side Self-Sealing Valve

Parts required: Refer to *Section 8—Drawings*

Tools Required: 2.5 mm Allen Wrench, torque wrench

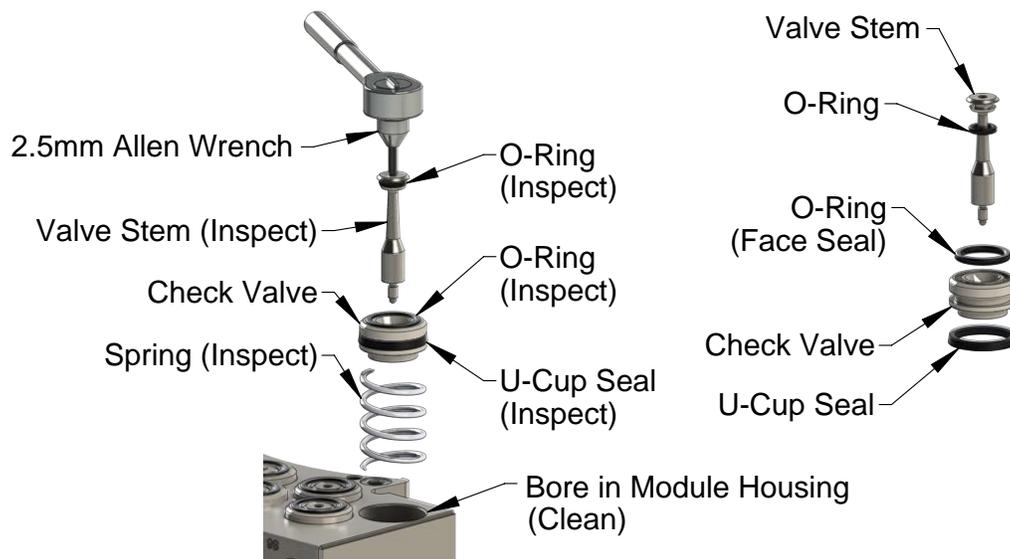
Supplies Required: Clean rag, Magnalube G lubricant

1. Place the Tool in a secure location.
2. Uncouple the Master and Tool plates.
3. Turn off and de-energize all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.).

NOTICE: Debris can be expelled at high velocity during the purge, take all required safety precautions.

4. Purge and disconnect all customer plumbing connections to the module.
 - a. Turn the supply lines off.
 - b. Cover the valves with a rag for safety.
 - c. Manually actuate the module's self-sealing valves to purge the line pressure. Note: Debris can be expelled at high velocity during the purge, take all required safety precautions.
5. Depending on the type of service or repair, connections to the module might also need to be disconnected.
6. Remove the valve stem using a 2.5 mm Allen wrench. Do not strip the hex on the valve stem during removal.
7. Remove the check valve piston and spring. Clean any lubrication from the check valve piston, valve stem, spring, and bore in the module housing using a clean rag.
8. Inspect the valve stem for straightness, and replace, if bent.
9. Inspect the o-rings and u-cup seal on the valve stem and check valve piston for wear and damage. Replace components that are damaged or worn.
10. Inspect the spring in the assembly and replace if damaged or worn.

Figure 5.1—Master Self-Sealing Valve



11. Lubricate the bore in the module housing with Magnalube G (Teflon/Petroleum based grease).

NOTICE: Do not lubricate the O-ring face seal until after installation. Lubricating the O-ring before installation can cause the O-ring to blow out during coupling and uncoupling.

12. If replacing seals, lubricate the valve stem O-ring and the check valve piston U-cup seal with Magnalube G (Teflon/Petroleum based grease).

13. Install the O-ring on the valve stem.

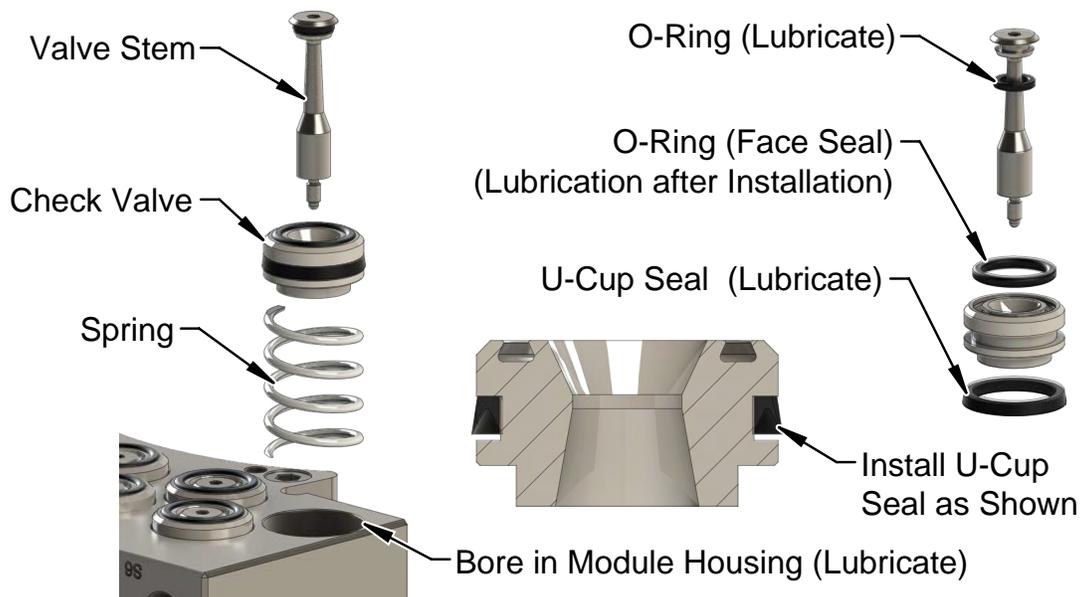
14. Install the U-cup seal on the check valve. Do not get lubrication in the face seal groove in the check valve.

15. Install the non-lubricated O-ring (face seal) into the check valve.

16. Install the spring into the bore in the module housing, seat the check valve on the spring.

17. If the threaded end of the valve stem does not have pre-applied adhesive, apply Loctite 7649 primer and then Loctite 222 or similar thread locker to the threaded end of the valve stem. If the module housing is stainless steel, also add Loctite 7649 primer to the housing threads.

Figure 5.2—Master Self-Sealing Valve Installation



18. Install the valve stem. The check valve piston must be pushed down flush with the mating surface of the Master housing in order to install the threaded end of the valve stem. Do not damage the U-cup seal around the check valve piston. A small, flat-head screwdriver can be used to ensure that the U-cup seal is fully located in the recess and not folded over itself prior to screwing in the valve stem. Tighten the stem to 10 in-lbs (1.1 Nm).

19. Lubricate the installed O-ring (face seal) with Magnalube G (Teflon/Petroleum based grease).

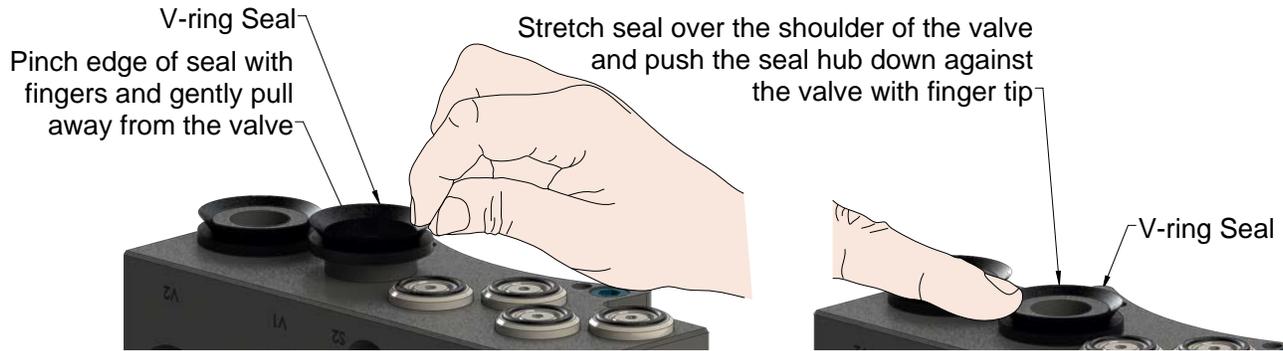
20. After the procedure is complete, resume normal operation.

5.2.2 Replacing the Master V-ring Seals on the Vacuum Pass-Through Ports

Parts required: Refer to [Section 8—Drawings](#)

1. Place the Tool in a secure location.
2. Uncouple the Master and Tool plates.
3. Turn off and de-energize all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.).
4. Purge and disconnect all customer plumbing connections to the module. Once the supply lines have been turned off, manually actuate the module’s self-sealing valves to purge the line pressure. Cover the valves with a rag prior to purging in order to keep the air from the impinging upon any person. Depending upon the service or repair being done connections up to the module may or may not need to be disconnected.
5. To remove the existing seal, pinch edge of the seal with fingers and gently pull the seal away from the vacuum valve on the Master.
6. To install a new seal, stretch the new seal over the shoulder of the vacuum valve.
7. Push the seal’s hub down against the vacuum valve using finger tip.
8. After the procedure is complete, resume normal operation.

Figure 5.3—Master Self-Sealing Valve



6. Recommended Spare Parts

Refer to [Section 8—Drawings](#)

Table 6.1—Master module Mounting Fasteners	
Part Number	Description
3500-1066020-21A	M6 x 20 Socket Head Cap Screw, SS, ND Microspheres, 0-3 uncoated lead thds. 5-7 coated thds. IFI525

Table 6.2—Tool module Mounting Fasteners	
Part Number	Description
3500-1066016-21A	M6 x 16 Socket Head Cap Screw, DIN 912 A4 S/S (316) ND Ind. Microspheres Epoxy, Yellow. 0-3 uncoated lead thds. 5-7 coated thds.

Table 6.3—Accessories	
Part Number	Description
3690-0000064-60	Brush, Blue Nylon All Purpose (Cleaning)

7. Specifications

Table 7.1—AC2-M Specifications	
9121-AC2-M	Pneumatic master module with (4) 3/8" NPT self-sealing ports and (2) 3/4" NPT vacuum ports
Materials of Construction	Anodized aluminum housing and stainless steel valve components, Nitrile and PVC seals
Weight:	1.85 lbs (0.84 kg)
Self-sealing Valves:	
Quantity	4
Air Pressure	Maximum pressure of 100 psi (6.9 bar)
Cv, Min	1.6
Customer Port Connection	3/8 NPT
Vacuum Ports:	
Quantity	2
Pressure	Vacuum ports cannot support positive pressure
Customer Port Connection	3/4 NPT

Table 7.2—AC2-T Specifications	
9121-AC2-T	Pneumatic tool module with (4) 3/8" NPT self-sealing ports and (2) 3/4" NPT vacuum ports
Materials of Construction	Anodized aluminum housing
Weight:	2.55 lbs (1.16 kg)
Self-sealing Valves:	
Quantity	4
Air Pressure	Maximum pressure of 100 psi (6.9 bar)
Cv, Min	1.6
Customer Port Connection	3/8 NPT
Vacuum Ports:	
Quantity	2
Pressure	Vacuum ports cannot support positive pressure
Customer Port Connection	3/4 NPT

8. Drawings

